Q 4.1:

1. q
2. [
3. 10000000000

Q4.2: (nums.valuesGT(threshold)).printVals();

Q4.3: Nums

Q4.4: Nums nums2 = nums.valuesGT(threshold);

nums2.printVals();

Q4.5: When dealing with a large number of objects, ArrayList consumes much more time to delete or insert a single object than array does.

Q4.6: ArrayList can grow and shrink as needed, while the length of array is fixed when created.

Q4.7:

1)No;

2)No;

3)No;

4)Yes;

5)Yes.